



SWC NO:-43118

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**Volunteer Corps Nepal,
Buddhanagar, Kathamandu,**

Introduction of Community Based Cancer Program

Community Cancer Program is the leading cause of cancer deaths for women worldwide. The worldwide incidence of Cancer is approximately 510,000 new cases annually, with approximately 288,000 deaths. It is estimated that around 83 per cent of all the new cases of cervical cancer and 85 per cent of all the deaths occur in the developing countries.

Community Cancer Program is the commonest malignancy among women in Nepal. Every year 2,332 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer and 1,367 women die from the disease. CBCP ranks as the first most frequent cancer among women in Nepal and the first most frequent cancer among women between 15 and 44 years of age.

Cervical CBCP is one of the easiest Cancers to prevent, with regular screening tests and follow-up. CBCP screening helps to find cancer at an early stage. Due to poor access to preventive screening and treatment services, a vast number of CBCP, cancer deaths occur unnecessarily.

Government of Nepal has developed "National Guideline for Cervical Cancer Screening and Prevention in Nepal-2010", which aims at laying foundation for achieving the implementation of CBCP cancer control program in Nepal to reach the target population using most feasible and effective way choosing appropriate techniques and utilizing existing resources.

While the government made a commitment to reduce Cancer by CBCP to introduce commendable screening program, there are still challenges to the implementation of CBCP screening policy. Therefore, Development concern centre is working closely with, and in order to strengthen the Government of Nepal and contribute to improvement of women's health through preventive screening and treatment of pre-stages of cervical cancer.



Objectives

A. General Objective

We wanted to reach out to those women (15-45) who need these services the most

B. Specific Objectives

1. To raise awareness on prevention of Cervical and Breast cancer and regular screening
2. To facilitate timely management of cervical cancer
3. To reduce the Cancer
4. To do general checkup of women and men

Intervention Strategies

1. Awareness and Advocacy
2. Causes and effects of Cancer
3. Provision of screening services
4. Healthy food and healthy life style

Activities

Health awareness rising through Health Camp

2. Cancer Screening and Treatment

- Establish cervical cancer screening service in health facilitates
- 3 day screening program will be conduct by medical professional
- Short orientation program will be conduct before running the screening

Cancer can be so difficult, so we try to look for reduction as much as possible and we feel like spreading happiness in their life.”